Paul Smith's College

CRIME STATISTICS REPORT FORM

Reporting Person:	Phone Number:
Classification (see definitions below):	_Date Incident Occurred:
Location of Incident (Building name or address):	
Brief description of the incident:	
Check the appropriate answer to the following questions:	
Did the crime occur in a building or on the street? Did the crime occur on campus owned, controlled property? Did the crime occur at a college-sponsored activity or event?	Building:Street: Yes:No: Yes:No:

Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter: the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another. NOTE: Deaths caused by negligence, attempts to kill, suicides, accidental deaths, and justifiable homicides are <u>excluded</u>.

Negligent Manslaughter: the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery: taking or attempting to take anything from value of the care, custody or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access, even though the vehicles are later abandoned-including joy riding)

Arson: The willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, public building, motor vehicle, or personal property of another kind.

Weapon Law Violation: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly: furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, Benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a public conveyance: all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

MORE ON BACK

Updated 1/16/14

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Dating Violence: Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim. Whether or not a dating relationship exists is determined based on the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Domestic Violence: Intentionally, knowingly or recklessly causing bodily injury or offensive physical contact to a family or household member.

Stalking: Intentionally or knowingly engaging in a course of conduct directed at or concerning a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to suffer serious inconvenience or emotional distress, to fear bodily injury or to fear bodily injury to a close relation, to fear death or to fear the death of a close relation, to fear damage or destruction to or tampering with property, or to fear injury to or the death of an animal owned by or in the possession and control of that specific person.

Hate crimes: Also known as a bias crime, a hate crime is a criminal offense committed against a person, property, or society which is motivated, in whole or in part, by the offender's bias against a race, religion, disability, sexual orientation, or ethnicity/national origin. Hate crimes are reported for all of the Clery reportable crimes, additionally the following crimes when related to the above listed biases will also require reporting under the hate crimes category;

- Larceny-Theft including pocket picking, purse snatching, shoplifting, theft from a building, theft from a coin operated machine or device, theft from a motor vehicle, theft of motor vehicle parts or accessories, all other larcenies.
- **Simple Assault** an unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.
- **Intimidation** to unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property (Except Arson) to willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control of it.

Please forward this completed form to: the Director of Campus Safety.